procedures, including informing participants what to do, where to go, and whom to contact in case of an emergency.

- (4) Availability of emergency equipment. Emergency equipment, including easily portable oxygen, airways, suction, and emergency drugs, along with staff who know how to use the equipment, must be on the premises of every center at all times and be immediately available. The organization must have a documented plan to obtain emergency medical assistance from sources outside the center when needed.
- (5) Annual test of emergency and disaster plan. At least annually, a PACE organization must actually test, evaluate, and document the effectiveness of its emergency and disaster plans.

[64 FR 66279, Nov. 24, 1999, as amended at 68 FR 1386, Jan. 10, 2003; 69 FR 49266, Aug. 11, 2004; 70 FR 15238, Mar. 25, 2005; 71 FR 55340, Sept. 22, 2006; 71 FR 71335, Dec. 8, 2006]

# § 460.74 Infection control.

- (a) Standard procedures. The PACE organization must follow accepted policies and standard procedures with respect to infection control, including at least the standard precautions developed by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
- (b) Infection control plan. The PACE organization must establish, implement, and maintain a documented infection control plan that meets the following requirements:
- (1) Ensures a safe and sanitary environment.
- (2) Prevents and controls the transmission of disease and infection.
- (c) Contents of infection control plan. The infection control plan must include, but is not limited to, the following:
- (1) Procedures to identify, investigate, control, and prevent infections in every Pace center and in each participant's place of residence.
- (2) Procedures to record any incidents of infection.
- (3) Procedures to analyze the incidents of infection to identify trends and develop corrective actions related to the reduction of future incidents.

[64 FR 66279, Nov. 24, 1999, as amended at 71 FR 71334, Dec. 8, 2006]

### § 460.76 Transportation services.

- (a) Safety, accessibility, and equipment. A PACE organization's transportation services must be safe, accessible, and equipped to meet the needs of the participant population.
- (b) Maintenance of vehicles. (1) If the PACE organization owns, rents, or leases transportation vehicles, it must maintain these vehicles in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- (2) If a contractor provides transportation services, the PACE organization must ensure that the vehicles are maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- (c) Communication with PACE center. The PACE organization must ensure that transportation vehicles are equipped to communicate with the PACE center.
- (d) *Training*. The PACE organization must train all transportation personnel (employees and contractors) in the following:
- (1) Managing the special needs of participants.
  - (2) Handling emergency situations.
- (e) Changes in care plan. As part of the interdisciplinary team process, PACE organization staff (employees and contractors) must communicate relevant changes in a participant's care plan to transportation personnel.

 $[64\ FR\ 66279,\ Nov.\ 24,\ 1999,\ as\ amended\ at\ 71\ FR\ 71334,\ Dec.\ 8,\ 2006]$ 

### § 460.78 Dietary services.

- (a) Meal requirements. (1) Except as specified in paragraphs (a)(2) or (a)(3) of this section, the PACE organization must ensure, through the assessment and care planning process, that each participant receives nourishing, palatable, well-balanced meals that meet the participant's daily nutritional and special dietary needs. Each meal must meet the following requirements:
- (i) Be prepared by methods that conserve nutritive value, flavor, and appearance.
- (ii) Be prepared in a form designed to meet individual needs.
- (iii) Be prepared and served at the proper temperature.
- (2) The PACE organization must provide substitute foods or nutritional

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supplements that meet the daily nutritional and special dietary needs of any participant who has any of the following problems:

- (i) Refuses the food served.
- (ii) Cannot tolerate the food served.
- (iii) Does not eat adequately.
- (3) The PACE organization must provide nutrition support to meet the daily nutritional needs of a participant, if indicated by his or her medical condition or diagnosis. Nutrition support consists of tube feedings, total parenteral nutrition, or peripheral parenteral nutrition.
- (b) Sanitary conditions. The PACE organization must do the following:
- (1) Procure foods (including nutritional supplements and nutrition support items) from sources approved, or considered satisfactory, by Federal, State, Tribal, or local authorities with jurisdiction over the service area of the organization.
- (2) Store, prepare, distribute, and serve foods (including nutritional supplements and nutrition support items) under sanitary conditions.
- (3) Dispose of garbage and refuse properly.

 $[64~{\rm FR}~66279,~{\rm Nov.}~24,~1999,~{\rm as~amended~at}~71~{\rm FR}~71335,~{\rm Dec.}~8,~2006]$ 

## § 460.80 Fiscal soundness.

- (a) Fiscally sound operation. A PACE organization must have a fiscally sound operation, as demonstrated by the following:
- (1) Total assets greater than total unsubordinated liabilities.
- (2) Sufficient cash flow and adequate liquidity to meet obligations as they become due.
- (3) A net operating surplus or a financial plan for maintaining solvency that is satisfactory to CMS and the State administering agency.
- (b) Insolvency plan. The organization must have a documented plan in the event of insolvency, approved by CMS and the State administering agency, which provides for the following:
- (1) Continuation of benefits for the duration of the period for which capitation payment has been made.
- (2) Continuation of benefits to participants who are confined in a hospital on the date of insolvency until their discharge.

- (3) Protection of participants from liability for payment of fees that are the legal obligation of the PACE organization.
- (c) Arrangements to cover expenses. (1) A PACE organization must demonstrate that it has arrangements to cover expenses in the amount of at least the sum of the following in the event it becomes insolvent:
- (i) One month's total capitation revenue to cover expenses the month before insolvency.
- (ii) One month's average payment to all contractors, based on the prior quarter's average payment, to cover expenses the month after the date it declares insolvency or ceases operations
- (2) Arrangements to cover expenses may include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (i) Insolvency insurance or reinsurance
- (ii) Hold harmless arrangement.
- (iii) Letters of credit, guarantees, net worth, restricted State reserves, or State law provisions.

## § 460.82 Marketing.

- (a) Information that a PACE organization must include in its marketing materials. (1) A PACE organization must inform the public about its program and give prospective participants the following written information:
- (i) An adequate description of the PACE organization's enrollment and disenrollment policies and requirements
  - (ii) PACE enrollment procedures.
- (iii) Description of benefits and services.
- (iv) Premiums.
- (v) Other information necessary for prospective participants to make an informed decision about enrollment.
- (2) Marketing information must be free of material inaccuracies, misleading information, or misrepresentations.
- (b) Approval of marketing information.
  (1) CMS must approve all marketing information before distribution by the PACE organization, including any revised or updated material.